

SECTION 18.(d) Additional Rule-Making Authority. – The Board shall adopt a rule to replace Collection and Sale of Ginseng Rule 02 NCAC 48F .0305. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the Board pursuant to this section shall be substantively identical to the provisions of Section 18(c) of this act. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to the publication of notice of text or public hearing requirements of G.S. 150B-21.2. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to G.S. 150B-21.9 through G.S. 150B-21.14. Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1) as though 10 or more written objections had been received as provided by G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).

SECTION 19. Section 6 of S.L. 2007-523 reads as rewritten:

"**SECTION 6.** Effective Dates. – Section 3 of this act becomes effective 1 July 2007. All other sections of this act become effective 1 September 2007. Section 4 of this act expires 1 September ~~2017~~2011."

SECTION 20. The Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall study the stormwater management requirements for airports in the State. The Department shall specifically consider whether the requirements might be amended or implemented in a different way to achieve the same level of water quality protection while reducing the cost and other regulatory burdens associated with compliance with the requirements. In conducting this study, the Department shall consult with representatives of the airports in the State. The Department shall report its findings and recommendations to the Environmental Review Commission no later than February 1, 2012.

SECTION 21. In order to ensure the ongoing delivery of services by the nonpoint source pollution control programs of the Division of Forest Resources and the Division of Soil and Water Conservation, the Division of Water Quality in the Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall transfer Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 319 Nonpoint Source Management Program Base Grant funds to the Division of Forest Resources and Division of Soil and Water Conservation, where consistent with the federal grant program requirements, in an amount that is no less than the average annual amount of funding received by each of those two Divisions over the two most-recent fiscal bienniums. In the event that the level of Section 319 base grant funds received by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources by the United States Environmental Protection Agency is increased or decreased in any funding cycle, the level of funding received by the Division of Forest Resources and the Division of Soil and Water Conservation shall be adjusted proportionally. Section 319 Nonpoint Source Management Program Competitive Grant funds shall consider water quality benefit and be distributed in a fair and equitable manner based on the grant requirements and the benefit. The Division of Water Quality will establish a Workgroup of Nonpoint Source Agencies, including the Division of Forest Resources and the Division of Soil and Water Conservation, which will consider the competitive grant project proposals. The Workgroup will be given full input to the project funding decisions.

SECTION 22. If House Bill 750, 2011 Regular Session, becomes law, then G.S. 130A-55(7), as amended by Section 2 of that act, reads as rewritten:

"§ **130A-55. Corporate powers.**

A sanitary district board shall be a body politic and corporate and may sue and be sued in matters relating to the sanitary district. Notwithstanding any limitation in the petition under G.S. 130A-48, but subject to the provisions of G.S. 130A-55(17)e, each sanitary district may exercise all of the powers granted to sanitary districts by this Article. In addition, the sanitary district board shall have the following powers:

...

- (7) To adopt rules necessary for the proper functioning of the district. However, these rules shall not conflict with rules adopted by the Commission for Public Health, Environmental Management Commission, or the local board of health having jurisdiction over the area. Further, such sanitary district board rules shall be no more restrictive than or conflict with requirements or